

Table 5. Number of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work <sup>1</sup> by selected injury or illness characteristics and major industry sector, 2005

## California--state government

Characteristic	State government 2, 3, 4	Goods producing				Service providing								
		Total goods producing	Natural resources and mining 2,3	Construction	Manufacturing	Total service providing	Trade, transportation, and utilities 4	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	Public Administration
Total.....	8,990	--	--	--	--	8,990	--	--	--	40	2,910	--	--	6,030
Nature of injury, illness:														
Sprains, strains.....	2,930	--	--	--	--	2,930	--	--	--	1,140	--	--	--	1,780
Bruises, contusions.....	500	--	--	--	--	500	--	--	--	230	--	--	--	270
Cuts, lacerations.....	320	--	--	--	--	320	--	--	--	40	--	--	--	280
Fractures.....	230	--	--	--	--	230	--	--	--	110	--	--	--	110
Heat burns.....	50	--	--	--	--	50	--	--	--	30	--	--	--	20
Carpal tunnel syndrome.....	120	--	--	--	--	120	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	100
Tendonitis.....	50	--	--	--	--	50	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	40
Chemical burns.....	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Amputations.....	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Multiple injuries.....	460	--	--	--	--	460	--	--	--	190	--	--	--	270
Part of body affected:														
Head.....	560	--	--	--	--	560	--	--	--	230	--	--	--	320
Eye.....	90	--	--	--	--	90	--	--	--	40	--	--	--	40
Neck.....	170	--	--	--	--	170	--	--	--	20	--	--	--	150
Trunk.....	2,130	--	--	--	--	2,130	--	--	--	840	--	--	--	1,280
Shoulder.....	380	--	--	--	--	380	--	--	--	150	--	--	--	230
Back.....	1,260	--	--	--	--	1,260	--	--	--	500	--	--	--	760
Upper extremities.....	1,610	--	--	--	--	1,610	--	--	--	450	--	--	--	1,150
Wrist.....	340	--	--	--	--	340	--	--	--	110	--	--	--	240
Hand, except finger.....	210	--	--	--	--	210	--	--	--	50	--	--	--	160
Finger.....	510	--	--	--	--	510	--	--	--	120	--	--	--	380
Lower extremities.....	1,900	--	--	--	--	1,900	--	--	--	560	--	--	--	1,330
Knee.....	920	--	--	--	--	920	--	--	--	240	--	--	--	660
Foot, except toe.....	300	--	--	--	--	300	--	--	--	80	--	--	--	210
Toe.....	40	--	--	--	--	40	--	--	--	20	--	--	--	20
Body systems.....	580	--	--	--	--	580	--	--	--	70	--	--	--	510
Multiple parts.....	1,520	--	--	--	--	1,520	--	--	--	580	--	--	--	940

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 5. Number of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work <sup>1</sup> by selected injury or illness characteristics and major industry sector, 2005 -- Continued

## California--state government

Characteristic	State government <sup>2,3,4</sup>	Goods producing				Service providing								
		Total goods producing	Natural resources and mining <sup>2,3</sup>	Construction	Manufacturing	Total service providing	Trade, transport- ation, and utilities <sup>4</sup>	Informa- tion	Financial activities	Profes- sional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	Public Administra- tion
Source of injury, illness:														
Chemicals and chemical products.....	100	--	--	--	--	100	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	80
Containers.....	440	--	--	--	--	440	--	--	--	--	140	--	--	300
Furniture and fixtures.....	250	--	--	--	--	250	--	--	--	--	130	--	--	120
Machinery.....	130	--	--	--	--	130	--	--	--	--	60	--	--	70
Parts and materials.....	230	--	--	--	--	230	--	--	--	--	100	--	--	130
Worker motion or position.....	2,710	--	--	--	--	2,710	--	--	--	20	700	--	--	1,980
Floors, walkways, ground surfaces.....	1,280	--	--	--	--	1,280	--	--	--	--	460	--	--	810
Tools, instruments, and equipment.....	270	--	--	--	--	270	--	--	--	--	110	--	--	160
Vehicles.....	400	--	--	--	--	400	--	--	--	--	80	--	--	310
Health care patient.....	510	--	--	--	--	510	--	--	--	--	510	--	--	--
Event or exposure:														
Contact with objects and equipment.....	1,300	--	--	--	--	1,300	--	--	--	--	420	--	--	880
Struck by object.....	530	--	--	--	--	530	--	--	--	--	220	--	--	310
Struck against object.....	420	--	--	--	--	420	--	--	--	--	110	--	--	300
Caught in equipment or object.....	130	--	--	--	--	130	--	--	--	--	30	--	--	110
Fall to lower level.....	280	--	--	--	--	280	--	--	--	--	100	--	--	190
Fall to same level.....	820	--	--	--	--	820	--	--	--	--	320	--	--	490
Slips, trips, loss of balance--without fall.....	310	--	--	--	--	310	--	--	--	--	90	--	--	220
Overexertion.....	1,050	--	--	--	--	1,050	--	--	--	--	510	--	--	530
Overexertion in lifting.....	460	--	--	--	--	460	--	--	--	--	190	--	--	270
Repetitive motion.....	400	--	--	--	--	400	--	--	--	--	70	--	--	330
Exposure to harmful substances.....	470	--	--	--	--	470	--	--	--	--	100	--	--	370
Transportation accidents.....	200	--	--	--	--	200	--	--	--	--	20	--	--	180
Fires and explosions.....	60	--	--	--	--	60	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	60
Assaults and violent acts by person.....	1,110	--	--	--	--	1,110	--	--	--	--	560	--	--	550

<sup>1</sup> Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

<sup>2</sup> Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

<sup>3</sup> Data for mining (Sector 21 in the *North American Industry Classification System* -- United States, 2002) include establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in oil and gas extraction and related support activities. Data for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements

effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

<sup>4</sup> Data for employers in rail transportation are provided to BLS by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation.

NOTE: Dashes indicate data that are not available. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.

SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, U. S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses in cooperation with participating State agencies.